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begin to run until the Board has received payment of the assessed fee.

- (i) Form of payment. Payment of fees shall be made by check or money order payable to the Treasurer of the United States. The payment shall be forwarded to the Board.
- (j) Other statutes specifically providing for fees. The fee schedule in this section does not apply with respect to the charging of fees under a statute specifically providing for setting the level of fees for particular types of records.

§1502.11 Exemptions.

- (a) *General.* Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552(b), the disclosure requirements of 5 U.S.C. 552 and this part do not apply to certain matters which are:
- (1) Specifically authorized under criteria established by an Executive order to be kept secret in the interest of national defense or foreign policy and that are in fact properly classified pursuant to such Executive order;
- (2) Related solely to the internal personnel rules and practices of the Board;
- (3) Specifically exempted from disclosure by statute (other than 5 U.S.C. 552(b)), provided that such statute requires that the matters be withheld from the public in such a manner as to leave no discretion on the issue or establishes particular criteria for withholding or refers to particular types of matters to be withheld;
- (4) Trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential;
- (5) Inter-agency or intra-agency memorandums or letters which would not be available by law to a party other than an agency in litigation with the Board, including, but not limited to, records of deliberations of the Board other than meetings held pursuant to 12 U.S.C. 1441a(a)(10);
- (6) Personnel and medical files and similar files the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
- (7) Records or information compiled for law enforcement purposes, but only to the extent that the production of such law enforcement records or information:
- (i) Could reasonably be expected to interfere with enforcement proceedings:

- (ii) Would deprive a person of a right to a fair trial or an impartial adjudication:
- (iii) Could reasonably be expected to constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
- (iv) Could reasonably be expected to disclose the identity of a confidential source, including a State, local, or foreign agency or authority or any private institution which furnished information on a confidential basis, and in the case of a record or information compiled by criminal law enforcement authority in the course of a criminal investigation or by an agency conducting a lawful national security intelligence investigation, information furnished only by a confidential source;
- (v) Would disclose techniques and procedures for law enforcement investigations or prosecutions, or would disclose guidelines for law enforcement investigations or prosecutions if such disclosure could reasonably be expected to risk circumvention of the law; or
- (vi) Could reasonably be expected to endanger the life or physical safety of any individual;
- (8) Contained in or related to examination, operating, or condition reports prepared by, on behalf of, or for the use of an agency responsible for the regulation or supervision of financial institutions; or
- (9) Geological and geophysical information and data, including maps, concerning wells.
- (b) Other law enforcement records. The Board may also withhold disclosure of records pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552(c).
- (c) Segregable portions of record. Any reasonably segregable portion of a record shall be provided to any person requesting such record after deletion of the portions which are exempt. Reasonably segregable nonexempt portions of a record are those:
- (1) Whose meaning is not distorted by deletion;
- (2) That are sufficient to be intelligible and useful to the requester; and
- (3) From which a skillful and knowledgeable person could not reconstruct any exempt information.

(d) Computer information. Information stored in a computer that can be segregated only by creating an information retrieval program is not considered reasonably segregable.

§1502.12 Preservation of records.

The Board shall preserve all correspondence relating to the requests it receives under this part, and all records processed pursuant to such requests, until such time as the destruction of such correspondence and records is authorized pursuant to Title 44 of the United States Code. Under no circumstances shall records be destroyed while they are the subject of a pending request, appeal, or lawsuit under the Freedom of Information Act.

PART 1503—PRIVACY ACT PROCEDURES

Sec.

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AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 552a; 12 U.S.C. 1441a(a)(2); 12 U.S.C. 1441a(a)(13).

SOURCE: 57 FR 61252, Dec. 24, 1992, unless otherwise noted.

§1503.1 Purpose and scope.

The purpose of this part is to establish regulations implementing the provisions of the Privacy Act with regard to access to and review of personal information in systems of records maintained by the Board.

§ 1503.2 Definitions.

As used in this part, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

- (a) Board means the Thrift Depositor Protection Oversight Board.
- (b) *Business day* means any day other than a Saturday, Sunday, or legal Federal public holiday.
- (c) Guardian means the parent of a minor individual or the legal guardian of an individual who has been declared to be incompetent due to physical or mental incapacity or age by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (d) *Individual* means a natural person who is either a citizen of the United States or an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence.
- (e) *Maintain* means maintain, collect, use, disseminate, or control.
- (f) *Privacy Act* means the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, 5 U.S.C. 552a.
- (g) *Privacy Officer* means an officer or employee of the Board designated by the President of the Board to implement the Privacy Act in accordance with this part.
- (h) Record means any item, collection, or grouping of information about an individual maintained by the Board that contains his or her name, or the identifying number, symbol, or other identifying particular assigned to the individual.
- (i) Routine use means, with respect to the disclosure of a record, the use of such record for a purpose which is compatible with the purpose for which it was collected or created.
- (j) System of records means a group of any records under the control of the Board from which information is retrievable by the name of the individual or some identifying number, symbol, or other identifying particular assigned to the individual.
- (k) Vice President means a Vice President of the Board designated by the President of the Board to review actions and determinations of the Privacy Officer and to take action on behalf of the Board with respect to appeals under this part.

§1503.3 Procedures for determining if an individual's records are contained in a system of records.

(a) An individual or his or her guardian desiring to know if a specific system of records maintained by the Board contains a record pertaining to